

GMO Climate Change Trust

ARSN 653 552 875

Annual report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024

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Directors' report

The directors of GMO Australia Limited, the responsible entity ("Responsible Entity") of GMO Climate Change Trust (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

Responsible Entity

GMO Australia Limited has been the Responsible Entity of the Fund since its inception in October 2021.

Principal activities

The Fund's investment objective is high total return. The Responsible Entity seeks to achieve the Fund's investment objective by investing primarily in equities of companies the Responsible Entity believes are positioned to benefit, directly or indirectly, from efforts to curb or mitigate the long-term effects of global climate change, to address the environmental challenges presented by global climate change, or to improve the efficiency of resource consumption. Due to the far-reaching effects and evolving innovation related to climate change, the Responsible Entity expects the universe of such companies to be involved in a wide array of businesses.

The Fund did not have any employees during the financial year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the financial year.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of GMO Australia Limited during the financial year and since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise noted:

Mr Andrew Walker

Mr Gregory Pottle (Chairman)

Mr Jason Halliwell

Mrs Tara Pari (appointed 3 August 2023)

Mr Zane Bernstein

Review and results of operations

During the financial year the Fund continued to invest in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the offering documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's constitution (the "Constitution").

Results

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Operating profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders (\$'000)	<u>(16,634)</u>	<u>5,850</u>
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	<u>1,591</u>	<u>1,428</u>
Distribution (cents per unit)	<u>1.80</u>	<u>2.62</u>

Directors' report (continued)

Unit redemption prices

The Fund's unit redemption prices (quoted ex-distribution where applicable) are shown as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$
At 30 June	0.73	0.99	0.85

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

In the opinion of the directors, no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the offering documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests, directly or indirectly. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. Because investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations has not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would likely result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

Indemnity and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regard to insurance coverage provided to either the officers of GMO Australia Limited or the auditors of the Fund.

In accordance with the Constitution of the Fund and the law, the officers of GMO Australia Limited are indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred in the proper performance or exercise of any of their powers and duties in relation to the Fund. The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

During the financial year, GMO Australia Limited's ultimate parent, Grantham, Mayo, Van Otterloo & Co. LLC ("GMO"), has paid an insurance premium in respect of a directors' and officers' liability insurance contract for the benefit of current and former directors and officers of GMO Australia Limited.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the financial year are disclosed in note 12 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Fund's property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the financial year.

Directors' report (continued)

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year is disclosed in note 12 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The changes in the number of units on issue in the Fund during the financial year and the number of units in the Fund on issue at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 7 of the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statement of financial position and is derived using the basis set out in note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

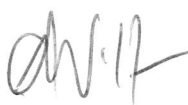
Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the directors' report and financial statements. Amounts in the directors' report and financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Mr Andrew Walker
Director

Sydney
27 August 2024



Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of GMO Climate Change Trust for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Joe Sheeran".

Joe Sheeran
Partner
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney
27 August 2024

Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended	
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income			
Dividend income		829	718
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		24	8
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	(16,849)	5,564
Other operating income/(loss)		(75)	(32)
Total investment income/(loss)		(16,071)	6,258
Expenses			
Responsible Entity fees	12	453	310
Dividend withholding tax		107	94
Other operating expenses		3	4
Total operating expenses		563	408
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	7	(16,634)	5,850
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year		(16,634)	5,850

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of financial position

		As at	
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	2,758	595
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		5	92
Receivables		853	93
Dividends receivable		49	74
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	64,519	54,672
Total assets		68,184	55,526
Liabilities			
Payables		894	131
Due to broker - payable for securities purchased		1,085	27
Redemption payable		92	11
Distribution payable	8	1,457	1,367
Total liabilities		3,528	1,536
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	7	64,656	53,990

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2023 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		53,990	27,779
Comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year			
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		(16,634)	5,850
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		(16,634)	5,850
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications	7	34,918	24,175
Redemptions	7	(6,161)	(2,447)
Reinvestment of distributions	7	134	61
Distributions paid and payable	7	(1,591)	(1,428)
Total transactions with unitholders		27,300	20,361
Total equity at the end of the financial year		64,656	53,990

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of cash flows

		Year ended	
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		26,454	22,335
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(52,005)	(43,018)
Dividends received		747	629
Interest received		24	8
Other income received/(paid)		(60)	806
Responsible Entity fees paid		(443)	(297)
Other expenses paid		(9)	(842)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	10(a)	<u>(25,292)</u>	<u>(20,379)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders	7	34,918	24,175
Payments for redemptions by unitholders	7	(6,080)	(2,436)
Distributions paid		<u>(1,367)</u>	<u>(1,075)</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>27,471</u>	<u>20,664</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,179	285
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		595	309
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		<u>(16)</u>	<u>1</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9	<u>2,758</u>	<u>595</u>
Non-cash financing activities	10(b)	<u>134</u>	<u>61</u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

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1 General information

These financial statements cover GMO Climate Change Trust (the “Fund”) as an individual entity. The Fund was registered in September 2021. The Fund will terminate upon the occurrence of a termination event specified in the Fund’s constitution (the “Constitution”).

The responsible entity of the Fund is GMO Australia Limited (the “Responsible Entity”). The Responsible Entity’s registered office is Suite 43.02, Grosvenor Place, 225 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The Fund’s investment objective is high total return. The Responsible Entity seeks to achieve the Fund’s investment objective by investing primarily in equities of companies the Responsible Entity believes are positioned to benefit, directly or indirectly, from efforts to curb or mitigate the long-term effects of global climate change, to address the environmental challenges presented by global climate change, or to improve the efficiency of resource consumption. Due to the far-reaching effects and evolving innovation related to climate change, the Responsible Entity expects the universe of such companies to be involved in a wide array of businesses.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 27 August 2024. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of material accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

These financial statements are the only financial statements presented by the Fund.

These financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. Substantially all balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except certain tax reclaims, if any, and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at the reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unitholder’s option (see note 2(c)). However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New accounting standards and interpretations

Other than as noted below, there are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2023 that have a material impact on the Fund.

AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - *Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates* [AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 108, AASB 134 & AASB Practice Statement 2]

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New accounting standards and interpretations (continued)

AASB 2021-2 became effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. It amends Australian Accounting Standards to improve accounting policy disclosures and clarify the distinction between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the accounting policy disclosures in the financial statements.

(iii) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 July 2024 and have not been early adopted

A number of new accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2024, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. These standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

(i) Classification

Assets

The Fund classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Responsible Entity evaluates the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

The contractual cash flows for equity securities do not represent solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"). Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Liabilities

The Fund may participate in short selling. Short sales are held for trading and are consequently classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the relevant contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date forward.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value, where fair value is deemed to equal cost. Transaction costs of financial assets and liabilities, if any, carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is subsequently based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The price used for both financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Fund is the last quoted price.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Accordingly, there may be a difference between the fair value at initial recognition and amounts determined using a valuation technique. If such a difference exists, the Fund recognises the difference in the statement of comprehensive income to reflect a change in factors, including time, that market participants would consider in setting a price.

Refer to note 4 for more information on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are usually redeemable at the unitholders' option. Redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity under certain circumstances as set out in the Constitution including, for example, where it is impractical to calculate the Fund's net asset value due to an emergency, or the closure of a relevant exchange.

Other than as described above, the units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at financial position date if the holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

Units are classified as equity as they satisfy all of the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- Apart from the contractual obligation to redeem the units, the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are normally subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities because movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Investment income

Dividends are recognised on the ex-date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in profit or loss.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investment income (continued)

During the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the Fund did not recognize dividends or foreign withholding on local Russian shares, if any, due to restrictions imposed by the Russian government on dividend payments received by foreign shareholders like the Fund. At this time, no assurance can be given regarding the future payment of outstanding dividends by Russian issuers, the time period during which such Russia's restrictions will remain in place or on the future ability of foreign shareholders to claim or otherwise gain control over or access to dividends paid.

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is generally recognised in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Other operating income primarily consists of gains and losses on assets and liabilities not designated as financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss on the statement of financial position.

(f) Expenses

With the exception of transaction costs, all expenses, including Responsible Entity fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accruals basis. Transaction costs are booked as incurred.

(g) Income tax

The Fund intends to qualify and be operated as an Attribution Managed Investment Trust for Australian income tax purposes.

Under current law, the Fund is not subject to Australian income tax provided the taxable income of the Fund is distributed (either by cash or reinvestment) and/or attributed to unitholders.

Financial instruments at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the net gain will generally be distributed and/or attributed.

Realised net losses are not distributed or attributed to unitholders but are retained by the Fund to be offset against future realised gains, if any. Redemptions and/or purchases of a large number of units may limit the deductibility of certain losses.

Where the Fund incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income and/or net gains, such amounts are generally recorded gross of withholding tax in profit or loss and any related foreign withholding tax is generally recorded as an expense. The benefits of foreign taxes paid may be passed through to unitholders. Taxes on non-Australian investment income are generally withheld in accordance with the applicable country's tax treaty with Australia. The Fund may be subject to taxation on net gains, repatriation proceeds and other transaction-based charges imposed by certain countries in which it invests.

(h) Distributions

In accordance with the Constitution, the Fund generally distributes its net income, gains, and foreign income tax offsets (as calculated using Australian tax principles), if any, adjusted for amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, which may include adjustments for prior year under or over distributions, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. Distributions are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

(i) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). The Australian dollar, the Fund's functional currency, is the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(i) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at financial year end exchange rates of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Assets and liabilities in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined and marked-to-market daily. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(j) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the financial year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund measures the loss allowance on amounts due from brokers at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired. There were no material impaired receivables as at 30 June 2024 or 30 June 2023.

(k) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest and dividends. Dividends are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(e). Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund measures the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The amount of the impairment loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss. There were no material impaired receivables as at 30 June 2024 or 30 June 2023.

(l) Payables

Payables includes liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(l) Payables (continued)

The Fund plans to distribute and/or attribute all of its taxable income to its unitholders each year. A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position as at the end of each reporting period where a cash distribution amount, if any, remains unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

(m) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded on the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded on the redemption of units in the Fund. Effective 30 September 2022, there is an entry/exit transaction cost allowance of 0.30% on applications and redemptions.

(n) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties, such as investment management fees, have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund is expected to qualify for Reduced Input Tax Credits ("RITC") on certain expenses; hence Responsible Entity fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income inclusive of GST and net of any applicable RITC amounts. The net amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, if any, is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are generally included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(o) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current year and potentially the next financial year. Estimates are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Certain financial instruments, for example, over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives or unquoted securities, may be fair valued using valuation techniques.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers, receivables and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations may require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Refer to note 4 for further information on how fair value is calculated.

Refer to note 3 for more information on credit risk.

(p) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including but not limited to: market risk (i.e. price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's offering documents.

The Responsible Entity stress tests the Fund on a regular basis using various measures.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

The Responsible Entity also measures and monitors the Fund's exposure to a variety of risk factors, including common asset classes via market indices plus other factors including the currency carry trade.

The Fund's risk controls and reports are integral to the Fund's portfolio management processes and are reviewed by the portfolio management team regularly.

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk on equity securities. This arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Paragraph (ii) below sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured.

Investments are classified on the statement of financial position as at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from equity securities is determined by the fair value of the equity securities.

The table in section (b) "Summarised sensitivity analysis" summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of an index (MSCI All Countries World Index) on the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Australian dollars will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Responsible Entity monitors the exposure of all foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. The risk is measured using the sensitivity analysis below.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's significant exposures that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

	US Dollars	Euro	Canadian Dollars	South Korea Won	Other currencies
30 June 2024	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	2,598	-	2	-	48
Due from brokers - receivables from securities sold	-	-	-	-	5
Receivables	10	481	1	-	410
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>31,810</u>	<u>15,068</u>	<u>4,955</u>	<u>4,712</u>	<u>7,810</u>
Total assets	<u>34,418</u>	<u>15,549</u>	<u>4,958</u>	<u>4,712</u>	<u>8,273</u>
Financial liabilities					
Payables	(846)	(2)	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable from securities purchased	<u>-</u>	<u>(455)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(242)</u>	<u>(388)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(846)</u>	<u>(457)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(242)</u>	<u>(388)</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	<u>33,572</u>	<u>15,092</u>	<u>4,958</u>	<u>4,470</u>	<u>7,885</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from foreign currency forward contracts	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net exposure	<u>33,572</u>	<u>15,092</u>	<u>4,958</u>	<u>4,470</u>	<u>7,885</u>

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

	US Dollars	Euro	Canadian Dollars	Japanese Yen	Other currencies
	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000
30 June 2023					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	444	27	2	19	16
Due from brokers - receivables from securities sold	56	-	-	-	35
Receivables	102	27	1	8	27
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	29,636	9,395	3,441	2,610	9,546
Total assets	<u>30,238</u>	<u>9,449</u>	<u>3,444</u>	<u>2,637</u>	<u>9,624</u>
Financial liabilities					
Payables	(1)	(4)	-	(1)	(31)
Due to brokers - payable from securities purchased	-	(27)	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(31)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(31)</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	<u>30,237</u>	<u>9,418</u>	<u>3,444</u>	<u>2,636</u>	<u>9,593</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from foreign currency forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-
Net exposure	<u>30,237</u>	<u>9,418</u>	<u>3,444</u>	<u>2,636</u>	<u>9,593</u>

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to interest rate risk on cash and cash equivalents. The risk is measured using the sensitivity analysis below.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks.

	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2024				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2,758	-	-	2,758
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	-	5	5
Receivables	-	-	853	853
Dividends receivable	-	-	49	49
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	64,519	64,519

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

30 June 2024	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial liabilities				
Payables	-	-	(894)	(894)
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	-	(1,085)	(1,085)
Redemption payable	-	-	(92)	(92)
Distribution payable	-	-	(1,457)	(1,457)
Total liabilities	<u>2,758</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>61,898</u>	<u>64,656</u>
Net exposure	<u>2,758</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>61,898</u>	<u>64,656</u>

30 June 2023	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	595	-	-	595
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	-	92	92
Receivables	-	-	93	93
Dividends receivable	-	-	74	74
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	809	53,863	54,672
Financial liabilities				
Payables	-	-	(131)	(131)
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	-	(27)	(27)
Redemption payable	-	-	(11)	(11)
Distribution payable	-	-	(1,367)	(1,367)
Total liabilities	<u>595</u>	<u>809</u>	<u>52,586</u>	<u>53,990</u>
Net exposure	<u>595</u>	<u>809</u>	<u>52,586</u>	<u>53,990</u>

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

Price risk:

The risk disclosure provided below is based on historical data and is a relative estimate of the price risk of the Fund. The analysis does not take into account the fact that future market price movements, correlations between markets and levels of the market liquidity in the conditions of market stress may bear no relation to historical patterns.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis (continued)

Beta is a commonly used estimate of a fund's systematic risk. Very generally, beta is a measure of the volatility of a portfolio in comparison to an index. The beta used in the table below has been estimated based on the beta of a representative account within the same strategy and applied to the annualised monthly standard deviation of the MSCI All Countries World Index returns over the same period to obtain the increase/decrease to the Fund's net assets. The beta used between the representative account and the MSCI All Countries World Index was 1.05 at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: 1.10). The Responsible Entity believes this methodology provides a reasonable and objective estimate of the Fund's systematic risk.

At 30 June 2024, using the methodology described above, if the indices in the following table increased or decreased by 11.0% (2023: 10.7%) with all other variables held constant, the net assets of the Fund attributable to the unitholders would have increased or decreased, respectively, by the amounts shown:

30 June 2024

Index	Increase/Decrease	Impact to Net Asset Value \$'000
MSCI All Countries World Index	11.5%	7,458

30 June 2023

Index	Increase/Decrease	Impact to Net Asset Value \$'000
MSCI All Countries World Index	11.8%	6,369

(c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents held with financial institutions and amounts due from brokers. These assets are neither impaired nor past due as at the end of the reporting period. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

Settlement of securities transactions

All transactions in listed securities are paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low as delivery of securities sold by the Fund is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made to the Fund once the securities sold by the Fund have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

There were no significant concentrations of credit risk to counterparties at 30 June 2024 or 30 June 2023.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. The effect of liquidity risk is particularly pronounced when low trading volume, lack of a market maker, large size of position, or legal restrictions (including daily price fluctuation limits or "circuit breakers") limit or prevent the Fund from selling particular securities or unwinding derivative positions at desirable prices.

The Fund may be exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. It therefore primarily holds investments that are traded in an active market and that can be readily realised.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

Units are redeemed on demand subject to the terms of the Constitution. However, the Responsible Entity does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash outflows as unitholders typically retain their units for the medium to long term. As at 30 June 2024, no single unitholder held more than 46% (2023: 67%) of the Fund's redeemable units.

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year-end date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

As at 30 June 2024	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	1-2 years \$'000	No stated maturity \$'000
Payables	894	-	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	1,085	-	-	-	-
Redemption payable	92	-	-	-	-
Distribution payable	1,457	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	64,656	-	-	-	-
Total contractual undiscounted cash flows	68,184	-	-	-	-

As at 30 June 2023	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	1-2 years \$'000	No stated maturity \$'000
Payables	131	-	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	27	-	-	-	-
Redemption payable	11	-	-	-	-
Distribution payable	1,367	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	53,990	-	-	-	-
Total contractual undiscounted cash flows	55,526	-	-	-	-

(e) Other risks

Investing in managed funds involves many risks. The value of an interest in the Fund changes with the value of the Fund's investments. Many factors can affect this value, and investors may lose money by investing in the Fund. The risks of investing in the Fund depend on, among other factors, the types of investments in its portfolio and the investment strategies employed on its behalf, each of which may change over time. An investment in the Fund, by itself, generally does not provide a complete investment program but rather is intended to serve as part of an investor's overall investment program. The Fund will be exposed to risks through its direct investment in a given asset or asset class or indirectly by investing in an underlying fund or by investing in derivatives and/or synthetic instruments.

The Fund may be exposed to other risks.

4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Financial assets / liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) (see note 6)

The Fund had no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

(i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their last traded prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using various valuation techniques. These techniques may include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, quotes received from market makers of a particular security, industry standard derivative pricing models or any other valuation technique that the Responsible Entity believes provides a reliable estimate of the fair value of the particular asset or liability.

Some of the inputs used in valuation techniques may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions made by the Responsible Entity. In addition, the output from any valuation technique is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds.

(iii) Recognised fair value measurements

The tables below set out the Fund's direct financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2024				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Equity securities	63,938	-	5	63,943
Listed real estate investment trusts	576	-	-	576
Total	64,514	-	5	64,519

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

(iii) *Recognised fair value measurements (continued)*

As at 30 June 2023	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Debt securities	-	809	-	809
Equity securities	53,432	-	10	53,442
Listed real estate investment trusts	421	-	-	421
Total	53,853	809	10	54,672

Because of the uncertainty inherent in pricing, and in particular financial assets and liabilities for which the fair value is determined using valuation techniques, the value determined for a particular security may be materially different from the value realised upon its sale.

“Quoted price” typically means the bid price for securities held long and the ask price for securities sold short. If a market quotation for a security does not involve a bid or an ask, the “quoted price” may be the price provided by a market participant or other third-party pricing source in accordance with the market practice for that security. If an updated quote for a security is not available by the time that the Fund calculates its net asset value on any business day, the Fund will generally use a quoted price from a prior day to value that security.

In the case of derivatives, prices determined by a model may reflect an estimate of the average of bid and ask prices, regardless of whether the Fund has a long position or a short position.

(iv) *Transfers between levels*

Financial asset held by the Fund as level 1 was transferred to level 3 as at 30 June 2024. The transfer is due to the trading suspended.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy in 2023, and the following table presents the transfer between levels for the year ended 30 June 2024.

As at 30 June 2024	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000
Transfers between levels 1 and 3			
Equity securities	(5)	-	5

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

(iv) *Transfers between levels (continued)*

(v) *Movement in level 3 instruments*

The following tables present the movement in level 3 instruments as of 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

	Equity securities \$'000
As at 30 June 2024	
Opening balance	<u>10</u>
Purchases	-
Sales	(89)
Transfers into/(out of) level 3	5
Gains and losses recognised in profit or loss	<u>79</u>
Closing balance	<u>5</u>
	Equity securities \$'000
As at 30 June 2023	
Opening balance	<u>127</u>
Purchases	-
Sales	-
Transfers into/(out of) level 3	-
Gains and losses recognised in profit or loss	<u>(117)</u>
Closing balance	<u>10</u>

The Fund's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The Fund holds securities issued by Russian entities. These securities continue to be impacted by a range of actions taken by governments, stock exchanges and counterparties, including sanctions regimes, leading to significant valuation and liquidity issues. Due to these issues, and the Fund's inability to transact or transfer these assets, as of 30 June 2024 the Russian securities were valued at \$nil (30 June 2023: 99% discount to the securities' last traded price and additionally, for some securities, adjusted for currency impact). As at 30 June 2024, the Fund's investments in Russian securities amounted to \$nil (2023: \$10,000). During the year, purchases and sales of these securities were \$nil and \$89,000, respectively (2023: \$nil and \$nil, respectively). The Fund also holds an international equity for which trading was suspended as of 30 June 2024. This security is valued based on the last traded price prior to trading being suspended.

(vi) *Valuation processes*

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as being level 3 securities. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation methodology, management performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Any changes in allocation to or from level 3 are analysed at the end of each reporting period.

(vii) *Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value*

The carrying value of trade receivables and trade payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year Ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets		
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(16,793)</u>	<u>5,473</u>
Financial liabilities		
Net gain/(loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(56)</u>	<u>91</u>
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(16,849)</u>	<u>5,564</u>

6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	Fair value \$'000	Fair value \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Equity securities	63,943	53,442
Listed real estate investment trusts	576	421
Debt securities	<u>-</u>	<u>809</u>
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>64,519</u>	<u>54,672</u>

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

7 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the financial year were as follows:

	30 June 2024 No.'000	30 June 2023 No.'000	As at 30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2023 \$'000
Opening balance	54,476	32,523	53,990	27,779
Applications	41,535	24,381	34,918	24,175
Redemptions	(7,427)	(2,490)	(6,161)	(2,447)
Reinvestment of distributions	184	62	134	61
Distribution paid and payable	-	-	(1,591)	(1,428)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	-	-	(16,634)	5,850
Closing balance	88,768	54,476	64,656	53,990

There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis because, among other reasons, the Fund may be subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to suspend redemption of units in certain circumstances including, for example, where it is impractical to calculate the Fund's net asset value due to an emergency, or the closure of a relevant exchange.

8 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions for the financial year were as follows:

	30 June 2024 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2024 CPU	30 June 2023 \$'000	30 June 2023 CPU
Distribution declared - quarter ended June	134	0.15	61	0.11
Distribution payable	1,457	1.65	1,367	2.51
	1,591	1.80	1,428	2.62

9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank - domestic	110	87
Cash at bank - international	<u>2,648</u>	<u>508</u>
	<u>2,758</u>	<u>595</u>

(a) Cash at bank - domestic

These accounts had a floating interest rate of 0.45% as at 30 June 2024 (2023: 0.42%).

(b) Cash at bank - international

These accounts had a floating interest rate of 1.60% as at 30 June 2024 (2023: 1.52%).

10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(16,634)	5,850
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	16,849	(5,564)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	26,454	22,335
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(52,005)	(43,018)
Net change in receivables and other assets	(735)	(66)
Net change in payables and other liabilities	763	85
Exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	<u>16</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	<u>(25,292)</u>	<u>(20,379)</u>

(b) Non-cash financing activities

During the financial year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan

134	61
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11 Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees (excluding GST) were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$	\$
Auditors of the Fund - PwC and related network firms		
Audit and review of financial reports	<u>28,096</u>	<u>26,360</u>
Other assurance services		
Audit of compliance plan	<u>6,838</u>	<u>6,638</u>

Audit fees were paid by the Responsible Entity on behalf of the Fund.

12 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is GMO Australia Limited.

Key management personnel

(a) Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of GMO Australia Limited at any time during the financial year, or up to the date of this report (unless otherwise noted), as follows:

Mr Andrew Walker

Mr Gregory Pottle (Chairman)

Mr Jason Halliwell

Mrs Tara Pari (appointed 3 August 2023)

Mr Zane Bernstein

(b) Other key management personnel

Mr Sean Gleason – Member, Grantham, Mayo, Van Otterloo & Co. LLC and Senior Portfolio Manager.

There were no other persons with responsibility for strategic planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

12 Related party transactions (continued)

Key management personnel unitholdings

The key management personnel of GMO Australia Limited held units in the Fund as follows:

30 June 2024

Unitholder	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired (Units)	Application for units (\$)	Number of units disposed (Units)	Redemption of units (\$)	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
Key management personnel	306,659	314,878	229,357	0.35	8,219	6,065	-	-	5,521

30 June 2023

Unitholder	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired (Units)	Application for units (\$)	Number of units disposed (Units)	Redemption of units (\$)	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
Key management personnel	298,173	306,659	303,929	0.56	8,486	8,405	-	-	7,841

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by an entity related to GMO Australia Limited and are not paid directly from the Fund.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

Other transactions within the Fund

No key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at financial year end.

Responsible Entity fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive management fees calculated by reference to the daily net assets of the Fund. The management fee is currently 0.75% (2023: 0.75%) plus GST per annum.

All expenses in connection with the preparation of accounting records and the maintenance of the unit register have been fully borne by the Responsible Entity.

12 Related party transactions (continued)

Responsible Entity fees and other transactions (continued)

All related party transactions are conducted on commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the financial year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$	\$
Management fees for the financial year paid and payable by the Fund to the Responsible Entity inclusive of GST and net of any applicable input tax credits	452,826	309,516
Aggregate amounts payable to the Responsible Entity and related entities at the end of the reporting period	42,053	32,744

Related party scheme's unitholdings

No parties related to the Fund (including GMO Australia Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by GMO Australia Limited) held units in the Fund as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: Nil) other than those noted above.

Investments

The Fund did not hold any investment in GMO Australia Limited or its related parties during the financial year (2023: Nil).

13 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would have impacted the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the financial year ended on that date.

14 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets and liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 31 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date,
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Mr Andrew Walker
Director

Sydney
27 August 2024



Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of GMO Climate Change Trust

Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of GMO Climate Change Trust (the Registered Scheme) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Registered Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

What we have audited

The financial report comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- the notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information
- the directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Registered Scheme in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Other information

The directors of GMO Australia Limited, as the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

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Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon through our opinion on the financial report.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors of the Responsible Entity for the financial report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors of the Responsible Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the ability of the Registered Scheme to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Registered Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.



A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'PricewaterhouseCoopers'.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'Joe Sheeran'.

Joe Sheeran
Partner

Sydney
27 August 2024