

# QUARTERLY INVESTMENT REVIEW

# **Emerging Country Debt Strategy**

## Performance returns (USD)

ANNUALIZED RETURNS (QUARTER-END)	Quarter-End	YTD	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Inception
Emerging Country Debt Strategy (net)	3.18	3.18	10.53	7.63	7.02	4.81	11.68
Emerging Country Debt Strategy (gross)	3.37	3.37	11.37	8.44	7.83	5.60	12.44
J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified +	2.24	2.24	6.75	3.41	3.49	3.02	8.20
Value Add	+0.94	+0.94	+3.78	+4.22	+3.53	+1.79	+3.48

#### MAJOR PERFORMANCE DRIVERS

The J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified (EMBIG-D) benchmark returned 2.2% in the first quarter of 2025. During this period, the index's spread over Treasuries widened by 24 bps, ending at 349 bps, and resulted in a spread return of -0.9%. Meanwhile, the 10-year Treasury yield fell by 36 bps, finishing at 4.21%, leading to an interest rate return of 3.2%.

The portfolio had positive alpha from both country selection and security selection during the period. Within country selection, an overweight position in Venezuela (+29.6% total return, the EMBIG-D's top performer for the period) significantly contributed to positive alpha, along with smaller contributions from overweight positions in Lebanon (+20.2%), Suriname (+8.5%), and Gabon (+7.0%). On the other hand, overweight positions in Ecuador (-11.7%) and Argentina (-4.2%) detracted from country selection alpha.

In the in-index category, Argentina and Brazil made significant contributions to security selection alpha, while Mexico and Jordan detracted from performance. Among out-of-index countries, Belarus and Tunisia were notable contributors, whereas Thailand slightly detracted from alpha. In the quasi-sovereign category, Venezuela was a top contributor, whereas Mexico was the largest detractor.

As of the end of the period, the portfolio's largest overweights are Venezuela, Israel, and Argentina, while the largest underweights are China, Indonesia, and Qatar. During the period, the portfolio's overweight positions in Albania, Poland, and Venezuela increased. Conversely, the overweight positions in Barbados decreased, and the underweight positions in Panama and Indonesia increased.

#### RISKS

Risks associated with investing in the Strategy may include: (1) Credit Risk: the risk that the issuer or guarantor of a fixed income investment or the obligor of an obligation underlying an asset-backed security will be unable or unwilling to satisfy its obligation to pay principal and interest or otherwise to honor its obligations in a timely manner; (2) Market Risk - Fixed Income Investments: the market price of a fixed income investment can decline due to a number of market-related factors, including rising interest rates and widening credit spreads or decreased liquidity stemming from the market's uncertainty about the value of a fixed income investment (or class of fixed income investments); and (3) Illiquidity Risk: low trading volume, lack of a market maker, large position size, or legal restrictions may limit or prevent the Fund from selling particular securities or closing derivative positions at desirable prices. This is not a complete list of risks associated with investing in the Strategy. Please contact GMO for more information.

Composite Inception Date: 30-Apr-94

Performance Returns: Performance for the year of inception is less than a full calendar year. Returns shown for periods greater than one year are on an annualized basis. To obtain performance information to the most recent month-end, visit www.gmo.com. Performance data quoted represents past performance and is not predictive of future performance. Net returns are presented after the deduction of a model advisory fee and incentive fee if applicable. These returns include transaction costs, commissions and withholding taxes on foreign income and capital gains and include the reinvestment of dividends and other income, as applicable. Fees paid by accounts within the composite may be higher or lower than the model fees used. Gross returns are presented gross of management fees and any incentive fees if applicable. These returns include transaction costs, commissions, withholding taxes on foreign income and capital gains and include the reinvestment of dividends and other income, as applicable. If management and incentive fees were deducted performance would be lower. For example, if, before fees, the strategy were to achieve a 10% annual rate of return above its hurdle rate each year for ten years, and an annual advisory fee of 1% and incentive fee of 20% of net returns above the hurdle rate were charged during that period, the resulting average annual net return (after the deduction of management and incentive fees) would be approximately 7.20%. GMO LLC claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®). A Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) Composite Report is available at www.gmo.com by clicking the GIPS® Composite Report link in the documents section of the strategy page. GIPS® is a registered trademark owned by CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein. Actual fees are disclosed in Part 2 of GMO's Form ADV and are also available in each strategy's Composite Report. R



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### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The GMO Emerging Country Debt Strategy's objective is total return in excess of that of its benchmark, the J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified (EMBIG-D). The Strategy invests primarily in external debt of sovereigns and quasi-sovereigns.

GMO's Emerging Country Debt team focuses on bottom-up issue selection, seeking to find issues with similar default characteristics but better long-term total return potential than the issues in EMBIG-D. We believe that our approach provides value-oriented clients with long-term investment objectives a significantly higher likelihood of outperforming the EMBIG-D than the approaches employed by other emerging debt managers who focus on economic forecasting, market timing, and other macro/top-down approaches.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Benchmark(s): The J.P. Morgan EMBI (Emerging Markets Bond) Index Global Diversified + is an internally maintained benchmark computed by GMO, comprised of (i) the J.P. Morgan EMBI+ Index through 12/31/1999, (ii) the J.P. Morgan EMBI Index Global through 2/28/2020, and the J.P. Morgan EMBI Index Global Diversified (iii) thereafter.

The above information is based on a representative account in the Strategy selected because it has the fewest restrictions and best represents the implementation of the Strategy.

### **ABOUT GMO**

Founded in 1977, GMO is a global asset manager committed to delivering superior performance and advice to our clients. We are privately owned, which allows us to singularly focus on our sole business – achieving outstanding long-term client investment outcomes. Offering multi-asset, equity, fixed income, and alternative strategies, we invest with a long-term, valuation-based philosophical approach.

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